



**The GfK Group Project Report
for the
Pre-2018-Election: Re-contact Sample from Two Previous
Studies**

Submitted to:
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GfK PROJECT NUMBER: 310.209.01838.1


GfK Deliverable Authorization			
Printed Name	Signature	Date	Title
Sergei Rodkin, Ph.D.		11/14/2018	VP, Government and Academic Research

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Study Design & Documentation

Introduction

The GfK Group (GfK, formerly Knowledge Networks) conducted the Pre-2018-Election: Recontact Sample from Two Previous Studies on behalf of University of Pennsylvania. Specifically, the study examines how respondents' attitudes have shifted on issues including immigration, the Affordable Care Act, and the political parties. The survey was conducted using sample from KnowledgePanel®.

Sample Definition

The target population consists of the following: (1) general-population and low-income respondents from the Client's Oct. 2012 survey, and (2) Asian American and Latino respondents from a separate 2016 two-wave panel.

To sample the population, GfK sampled households from its KnowledgePanel, a probability-based web panel designed to be representative of the United States.

Data Collection Field Period & Survey Length

The data collection field periods were as follows:

Stage	Start Date	End Date
Main	10/23/2018	11/5/2018

Participants completed the main survey in 13 minutes (median).

Survey Completion and Sample Sizes

The number of respondents sampled and participating in the survey, the survey completion rates for the screener and main interview, and the incidence/eligibility rate are presented below.

Key Survey Response Statistics:

N Sampled	N Complete	Completion Rate	N Qualified	Qualification Rate
2,113	1,438	68%	1,438	100%

Survey Cooperation Enhancements

As a standard, email reminders to non-responders were sent on day three of the field period.

Beyond the standard email reminder on day three of the field period, the following steps were also taken:

- Additional email reminders to non-responders were sent on day 7, day 9, and day 12 of the field period;

Data File Deliverables and Descriptions

GfK prepared and delivered a fully formatted SPSS file containing the collected data, GfK demographic profile data, and the appropriate variable and value labels, as described below.

Data File Deliverables

Delivery Date	File Type	File Name	File Size	N Records
11/14/2018	SPSS	UPenn_NAES2018_Client_Final.sav	2Mb	1438

In addition, GfK prepared and delivered other deliverables as follows:

- Post-stratification statistical weights
- Open-ended Responses
- Demographic profile data for all interviewed GfK panelists
- Additional non-demographic profile data
 - Party ID
 - Ideology
 - Zip code

Several supplemental variables are provided to assist the principal investigators in identifying cases that could potentially be of interest.

Please also note the following for the survey data file:

- When a respondent refused to answer a question, the code “-1” is used.
- When questions or response choices were randomized, the order of the randomization is provided.

The table below shows the name and description of each of the supplemental, demographic, and other profile variables delivered to the client.

Supplemental Variables

Variable Name	Variable Description
CASEID	Case Identification Number
Weight1	Weight for General population and low-income respondents from the 2012 survey
Weight2	Weight for 2016 Asian re-contact
Weight3	Weight for 2016 Hispanic re-contact
XSPANISH	XSPANISH: Survey language
XCONT16	XCONT16: Sample source
XCONT12	XCONT12: Sample source
XQ11	XQ11: Q11
XQ11_OE	XQ11_OE: Q11 OE
XQ4	XQ4: Q4
XPARTY7	XPARTY7: Political party
XZIP	XZIP: Zip code
XCID	XCID: Congressional district
XIDEO	Xideo: Xideo
XHISPAN	XHISPAN: XHISPAN
DOV_ACSLANG	DOV_ACSLANG: Primary Language
TM_START	Date and time interview started
TM_FINISH	Date and time interview ended
DURATION	Duration of interview in minutes
PPAGE	Age
PPAGECAT	Age - 7 Categories
PPAGECT4	Age - 4 Categories
PPEDUC	Education (Highest Degree Received)
PPEDUCAT	Education (Categorical)
PPETHM	Race / Ethnicity
PPGENDER	Gender
PPHHHEAD	Household Head
PPHHSIZE	Household Size
PPHOUSE	Housing Type
PPINCIMP	Household Income
PPMARIT	Marital Status
PPMSACAT	MSA Status
PPREG4	Region 4 - Based on State of Residence
PPREG9	Region 9 - Based on State of Residence
PPRENT	Ownership Status of Living Quarters
PPSTATEN	State
PPT01	Presence of Household Members - Children 0 - 2
PPT25	Presence of Household Members - Children 2 - 5

PPT612	Presence of Household Members - Children 6 - 12
PPT1317	Presence of Household Members - Children 13 - 17
PPT18OV	Presence of Household Members - Adults 18+
PPWORK	Current Employment Status

Key Personnel

Key personnel on the study include:

Wendy Mansfield – Senior Vice President, Research Development. W. Mansfield is based in Washington, D.C.

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GfK Methodology

Introduction

The GfK Group (formerly Knowledge Networks) is passionate about social science, health, and public policy research. We collaborate closely with client teams throughout the research process, while applying rigor in every step. We specialize in innovative online research that consistently gives leaders in academia, government, and business the confidence to make important decisions. GfK delivers affordable, statistically valid online research through KnowledgePanel® and leverages a variety of other assets, such as world-class advanced analytics, an industry-leading physician panel, an innovative platform for measuring online ad effectiveness, and a research-ready behavioral database of frequent supermarket and drug store shoppers.

GfK has recruited the first online research panel that is representative of the entire U.S. population. Panel members are randomly recruited through probability-based sampling, and households are provided with access to the Internet and hardware if needed.

GfK recruits panel members by using address-based sampling (ABS) methods (previously GfK relied on random-digit dialing [RDD] methods). Once household members are recruited for the panel and assigned to a study sample, they are notified by email for survey taking, or panelists can visit their online member page for survey taking (instead of being contacted by telephone or postal mail). This allows surveys to be fielded quickly and economically. In addition, this approach reduces the burden placed on respondents, since email notification is less intrusive than telephone calls and most respondents find answering online questionnaires more interesting and engaging than being questioned by a telephone interviewer. Furthermore, respondents have the convenience to choose what day and time to complete their assigned survey.

The GfK Group

The GfK Group has a strong tradition in working with sophisticated academic, government, and commercial researchers to provide high quality research, samples, and analyses. The larger GfK Group offers the fundamental knowledge for governmental agencies, academics, industries, industry, retailers, services companies and the media need to provide exceptional quality in research to make effective decisions. It delivers a comprehensive range of information and consultancy services. GfK is one of the leading survey research organizations worldwide, operating in more than 100 countries with over 13,000 research staff. In 2013, the GfK Group's sales amounted to EUR 1.49 billion.

For further information, visit our website: www.gfk.com.

KnowledgePanel Methodology Information

KnowledgePanel is the largest online panel that relies on probability-based sampling techniques for recruitment; hence, it is the largest national sampling frame from which fully representative

samples can be generated to produce statistically valid inferences for study populations. Our panel provides samples with the highest level of representativeness available in online research for measurement of public opinions, attitudes, and behaviors. The panel was first developed in 1999 by Knowledge Networks, a GfK company. Panel members are randomly selected so that survey results can properly represent the U.S. population with a measurable level of accuracy, features that are not obtainable from nonprobability panels (for comparisons of results from probability versus nonprobability methods, see Yeager et al., 2011¹).

KnowledgePanel's recruitment process was originally based exclusively on a national RDD sampling methodology. In 2009, in light of the growing proportion of cellphone-only households, GfK migrated to an ABS recruitment methodology via the U.S. Postal Service's Delivery Sequence File (DSF). ABS not only improves population coverage, but also provides a more effective means for recruiting hard-to-reach individuals, such as young adults and minorities. Households without Internet connection are provided with a web-enabled device and free Internet service.

After initially accepting the invitation to join the panel, participants are asked to complete a short demographic survey (the initial Core Profile Survey); answers to this survey allow efficient panel sampling and weighting for future surveys. Upon completing the Core Profile Survey, participants become active panel members. All panel members are provided privacy and confidentiality protections.

ABS Recruitment.

To enhance the DSF-based sampling frame used for address selection, we have various ancillary data appended to each household address, thus facilitating complex stratification plans.² Taking advantage of such refinements, quarterly samples are selected using a disproportionate stratified sampling methodology across four strata to address differential attrition rates:

1. Hispanic households with at least one 18 to 24 year-old
2. Remaining Hispanic households
3. Remaining households with at least one 18 to 24 year-old
4. All remaining households

Adults from sampled households are invited to join KnowledgePanel through a series of mailings, including an initial invitation letter, a reminder postcard, and a subsequent follow-up letter. Moreover, telephone refusal-conversion calls are made to nonresponding households for which a telephone number could be matched to a physical address. Invited households can join the panel by:

¹ Yeager, D., Krosnick, J., Chang, L., Javitz, H., Levendusky, M., Simper, A. and R. Wang (2011). "Comparing the Accuracy of RDD Telephone Surveys and Internet Surveys Conducted With Probability and Non-Probability Samples." *Public Opinion Quarterly*, Winter 2011.

² Fahimi, M. and D. Kulp (2009). "Address-Based Sampling – Alternatives for Surveys That Require Contacts with Representative Samples of Households." *Quirk's Marketing Research Review*, May 2009.

- Completing and mailing back a paper form in a postage-paid envelope
- Calling a toll-free hotline phone number maintained by GfK
- Going to a designated GfK website and completing the recruitment form online

KnowledgePanel LatinoSM Recruitment.

In 2008, KnowledgePanel LatinoSM was developed to provide researchers with the capability to conduct representative online surveys with United States Hispanics. With the advent of KnowledgePanel Latino, the first United States online panel representative of Hispanics was established to include those without Internet access and those who only speak Spanish. Members for KnowledgePanel Latino are recruited using a custom dual-frame RDD sampling methodology targeting telephone exchanges associated with census blocks that have a 65% or greater Latino population density (this density level covers just over 50% of the United States Hispanic population). Moreover, cellular numbers from rates centers with high concentration of Hispanics are also used to improve the representation of samples. Households are screened in the Spanish language to only recruit those homes where Spanish is spoken at least half the time. This sample supplements the Latino households (English and Spanish) that are recruited through the KnowledgePanel's general ABS recruitment sample.

Household Member Recruitment.

During the initial recruitment survey, all household members are enumerated. Following enumeration, attempts are made to recruit every household member who is at least 13 years old to participate in KnowledgePanel surveys. For household members aged 13 to 17, consent is collected from the parents or the legal guardian during the initial recruitment interview. No direct communication with teenagers is attempted before obtaining parental consent. While surveys can be conducted with these teens directly, in most instances teen surveys are conducted by first selecting a sample of active members who are parents. This parent route alternative makes it possible to reach a larger sample of teens.

Survey Sampling from KnowledgePanel

Once panel members are recruited and profiled by completing our Core Profile Survey, they become eligible for selection for client surveys. Typically, specific survey samples are based on the equal probability selection method (EPSEM) for general population surveys. Customized stratified random sampling based on "profile" data can also be implemented as required by the study design. Profile data can also be used when a survey calls for pre-screening—that is, members are drawn from a subsample of the panel, such as females, Republicans, grocery shoppers, etc. (This can reduce screening costs, particularly for rare subgroups.) In such cases, we take care to ensure that all subsequent survey samples drawn that week are selected in such a way as to result in a sample that remains representative of the panel distributions.

For this survey, (1) general-population and low-income respondents from the Client’s Oct. 2012 survey, and (2) Asian American and Latino respondents from a separate 2016 two-wave panel was selected.

Survey Administration

Once assigned to a survey, members receive a notification email letting them know there is a new survey available for them to complete. This email notification contains a link that sends them to the survey. No login name or password is required. The field period depends on the client’s needs and can range anywhere from a few hours to several weeks.

After three days, automatic email reminders are sent to all non-responding panel members in the sample. Additional email reminders are sent as needed. To assist panel members with their survey taking, each individual has a personalized member portal listing all assigned surveys that have yet to be completed.

GfK also operates an ongoing modest incentive program to encourage participation and create member loyalty. The incentive program includes special raffles and sweepstakes with both cash rewards and other prizes to be won. Typically, we assign panel members no more than one survey per week. On average, panel members complete two to three surveys per month with durations of 10 to 15 minutes per survey. An additional incentive is usually provided for longer surveys.

Response Rates

As a member of the American Association of Public Opinion Research (AAPOR), GfK follows the AAPOR standards for response rate reporting. While the AAPOR standards were established for single survey administrations and not for multi-stage panel surveys, we use the Callegaro-DiSogra (2008)³ algorithms for calculating KnowledgePanel survey response rates. Generally, the KnowledgePanel survey completion rate is about 60%, with minor variations due to survey length, topic, sample specifications, and other fielding characteristics. In contrast, virtually all surveys that employ nonprobability online panels typically achieve survey completion rates in the low single digits. This means that – aside from the fact that nonprobability panels are inherently not representative of any known populations – the effective size of KnowledgePanel (55,000 panel members × 0.60 completion rate = 33,000 respondents) would be equivalent to a nonprobability panel with 1,650,000 members that on average secures completion rates close to 2% (1,650,000 panel members × 0.02 = 33,000 respondents).

Sample Weighting

As detailed above, significant resources and infrastructure are devoted to the recruitment process for KnowledgePanel so that our active panel members can properly represent the adult population of the U.S. This representation is achieved not only with respect to a broad set of

³ Callegaro, M. and C. DiSogra (2008). “Computing Response Metrics for Online Panels.” *Public Opinion Quarterly*, Vol. 72, No. 5.

geodemographic indicators, but also for hard-to-reach adults (such as those without Internet access or Spanish-language-dominant Hispanics) who are recruited in proper proportions. Consequently, the raw distribution of KnowledgePanel mirrors that of the U.S. adults fairly closely, barring occasional disparities that may emerge for certain subgroups due to differential attrition.

For selection of general population samples from KnowledgePanel, a patented methodology has been developed that ensures all samples behave as EPSEM samples. Briefly, this methodology starts by weighting the pool of active members to the geodemographic benchmarks secured from the latest March supplement of the U.S. Census Bureau's Current Population Survey (CPS) along several dimensions. Using the resulting weights as measures of size, a probability-proportional-to-size (PPS) procedure is used to select study specific samples. It is the application of this PPS methodology with the imposed size measures that produces fully self-weighting samples from KnowledgePanel, for which each sample member can carry a design weight of unity. Moreover, in instances where a study design requires any form of oversampling of certain subgroups, such departures from an EPSEM design are accounted for by adjusting the design weights in reference to the CPS benchmarks for the population of interest.

The geodemographic benchmarks used to weight the active panel members for computation of size measures include:

- Gender (Male/Female)
- Age (18–29, 30–44, 45–59, and 60+)
- Race/Hispanic ethnicity (White/Non-Hispanic, Black/Non-Hispanic, Other/Non-Hispanic, 2+ Races/Non-Hispanic, Hispanic)
- Education (Less than High School, High School, Some College, Bachelor and beyond)
- Census Region (Northeast, Midwest, South, West)
- Household income (under \$10k, \$10K to <\$25k, \$25K to <\$50k, \$50K to <\$75k, \$75K to <\$100k, \$100K to <\$150k, and \$150K+)
- Home ownership status (Own, Rent/Other)
- Metropolitan Area (Yes, No)

Study-Specific Post-Stratification Weights

Once all survey data have been collected and processed, design weights are adjusted to account for any differential nonresponse that may have occurred. Depending on the specific target population for a given study, geodemographic distributions for the corresponding population are obtained from the CPS, the U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey (ACS), or in certain instances from the weighted KnowledgePanel profile data. For this purpose an iterative proportional fitting (raking) procedure is used to produce the final weights. In the final step, calculated weights are examined to identify and, if necessary, trim outliers at the extreme upper and lower tails of the weight distribution. The resulting weights are then scaled to aggregate to the total sample size of all eligible respondents.

General population and low-income respondents from the 2012 survey:

Carry over the KP weights (weight1) from Annenberg 2016 pre wave reweight as the starting weights, weight total 2012 KP respondents to look like the ages 29+ Genpop March 2018 Supplement CPS Benchmark on the follow weighting variables.

- Age (29-44, 45-59, 60+) by Gender (Male, Female)
- Race (White, AA, Other/2+ Races, Hispanic) by Gender (Male, Female)
- Region (Northeast, Midwest, South, West) by Gender (Male, Female)
- Metro (Non-Metro, Metro) by Gender (Male, Female)
- Education (LHS/HS, Some College, Bachelor or above) by Gender (Male, Female)
- Age (29-44, 45+) X (White/2+ Races, AA/Others/Hispanic) X (LHS/HS, Some College, Bachelor or above)
- Household Income (Less than \$25K, \$25K-49,999, \$50K-84,999, \$85K-99,999, \$100K-\$149,999, \$150K+) by Gender

Trimming:

Male: (2.44%, 98.98%)

Female: (1.13%, 98.69%)

DEEF (overall): 2.5631

Asian American respondents from the 2016 two-wave panel:

Carry over the KP weights from Latinos and Asians 2016 as the starting weights, weight Asian 2016 KP respondents to look like the ages 20+ Asian March 2018 Supplement CPS Benchmark on the follow weighting variables.

- Gender (Male, Female) by Age (20-44,45-59,60+)
- Age (20-29,30-44,45-59,60+)
- Ethnicity (Asians only,2+ Races Asians)
- Region (Northeast, Midwest, South, West)
- Metropolitan status (Metro, non-Metro)
- Education (Less than HS/HS/Some College, Bachelor or Higher)
- Household Income (Less than \$25K, \$25K-49,999, \$50K-74,999, \$75K+)

Trimming: (3.04%, 98.70%)

DEEF: 1.9251

Latino respondents from the 2016 two-wave panel:

Carry over the KP weights from Latinos and Asians 2016 as the starting weights, weight Hispanic 2016 KP respondents to look like the ages 20+ Hispanic March 2018 Supplement CPS Benchmark on the follow weighting variables.

- Gender (Male, Female) by Age (20-29,30-44,45-59,60+)
- Region (Northeast, Midwest, South, West)
- Metropolitan status (Metro, non-Metro)
- Education (Less than HS, HS, Some College, Bachelor or Higher)
- Household Income (Less than \$25K, \$25K-49,999, \$50K-74,999, \$75K+)

- Hispanic origin (Mexican Hispanic, Puerto Rican Hispanic, Cuban Hispanic, other Hispanic)
- Primary language within Hispanic (English dominant, Bilingual, Spanish dominant) (Benchmark based on 2016 ACS)

Trimming: (2.24%, 98.65%)

DEEF: 2.0581

Detailed information on the demographic distributions of the benchmarks can be found in Appendix C.

Appendix A: Questionnaire – English

This survey will combine two prior panel populations. Specifically, this questionnaire includes questions to be asked of respondents from the October wave of the 2012 general population panel () as well as the 2016 two-wave panel study of Asian Americans and Latinos (310.209.01167.1).

The base for this questionnaire was the November/December 2016 General Population panel (310.209.01192.1). Some questions are drawn from that panel's October 2016 wave (310.111.00615.1).

The "Asian American and Latino sample" refers to those Latino and Asian American respondents who participated in prior waves of a separate panel with waves in spring 2016 (310.111.00617.1) and fall 2016 (310.209.01167.1).

Recontact Pre-election 2018 310.209.01838.1

Account Executive: Wendy Mansfield
Project Manager: Ying Wang
Contracted Length of Interview: 10 minutes
Start Fieldwork: 10/15/18
End Fieldwork: 10/31/18

I. SAMPLE VARIABLES

- Xspanish: 1=English; 2=Spanish
- XACSLANG: 1=English Dominant, 2=Bilingual, 3=Spanish Dominant, 4=Hispanic missing data, 5=Non-Hispanic
- Xcont16: 1= Hispanics 2016; 2= Asian 2016; 3=non2016
- Xcont12: 1=gen pop 2012; 2=oversample 2012; 3=non2012
- XQ11: 0-28
- XQ11_OE: text
- XQ4: 1=1; 2=2; 3=3
- Xparty7: 1=Strong Republican; 2= Not Strong Republican; 3=Leans Republican; 4= Undecided/Independent/Other; 5=Leans Democrat; 6= Not Strong Democrat; 7= Strong Democrat; 9=Missing
- Xideo: 1=Extremely liberal; 2=Liberal; 3=Slightly liberal; 4=Moderate, middle of the road; 5=Slightly conservative; 6=Conservative; 7=Extremely conservative; 9=Missing
- Xzip
- XHISPAN: 1= No, I am not; 2= Yes, Mexican, mexican-American, Chicano; 3= Yes, Mexican, mexican-American, Chicano; 4= yes, Cuban, Cuban American; 8= Yes, Other; 9=refused/missing
- xcid

II. QUOTA CHECK BASED ON SAMPLE VARIABLES

No Quota

III. INTRODUCTION

NA

IV. SCREENER

SCRIPTER: Do not prompt on all questions

ACSLANG/XACSLANG – ASKED OF HISPANICS ONLY

BASE: xacslang=4 or Null

QACSLAN1 [S]

Do you speak a language other than English at home?

- Yes..... 1
- No..... 2

BASE: (xacslang=4 or Null) AND QACSLAN1 = 1

QACSLAN2 [M]

What language do you speak at home other than English?

- Spanish..... 1
- Chinese (any dialect)..... 2
- Tagalog..... 3
- Vietnamese..... 4
- French..... 5
- German..... 6
- Another language..... 7

BASE: (xacslang=4 or Null) AND QACSLAN1 = 1

QACSLAN3 [S]

How well do you speak English?

- Very well..... 1
- Well..... 2
- Not well..... 3
- Not at all..... 4

Create Data-only variable QACSLANG by using the below logic involving responses to QACSLAN1-QACSLAN3

create numeric variable, qacslang, range [1,3]
if qacslan1 = 2 qacslang = 1.

- if qacslan1 = REFUSED and (respondent is taking survey in English) qacslang = 1.
- if qacslan1 = REFUSED and (respondent is taking survey in Spanish) qacslang = 3.
- if qacslan2 = 2-7, REFUSED and (respondent is taking survey in English) qacslang = 1.
- if qacslan2 = 2-7, REFUSED and (respondent is taking survey in Spanish) qacslang = 3.
- if qacslan2 = 1 and (qacslan3 =1 or qacslan3 = 2) qacslang = 2.
- if qacslan2 = 1 and (qacslan3 =3 or qacslan3 = 4) qacslang = 3.
- if qacslan2 = 1 and (qacslan3 = REFUSED) and (respondent is taking survey in English) qacslang = 2.
- if qacslan2 = 1 and (qacslan3 = REFUSED) and (respondent is taking survey in Spanish) qacslang = 3.

DATA ONLY [SINGLE PUNCH]

DOV_ACSLANG – LANGUAGE PROFICIENCY - AGGREGATE OF XACSLANG AND QACSLANG (QACSLAN1-QACSLAN4)

INSTRUCTIONS: IF XACSLANG=1-3 THEN DOV_ACSLANG=XACSLANG. IF XACSLANG=4 OR NULL THEN

DOV_ACSLANG=QACSLANG. IF XACSLANG=5 THEN DOV_ACSLANG=5.

1. English Proficient
2. Bilingual
3. Spanish Proficient
4. Hispanics who have missing data; re-ask in field
5. Non-Hispanics, not asked

SAMVAR Definition

Variable name: XACSLANG

Type: SP

Variable Text: Primary Language

Response list:

1. English Proficient
2. Bilingual
3. Spanish Proficient
4. Hispanics who have missing data; re-ask in field
5. Non-Hispanics, not asked

V. MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE

Base: xcont12=1,2

[ASKED IN JANUARY 2016 WAVE]

[MP]

ME1 From which of the following sources have you heard anything about the upcoming election?

1. Television news programs (morning or evening)
2. Newspapers, either online or print versions
3. Television talk shows, public affairs or news analysis programs
4. Internet sites, chat rooms or blogs
5. Radio news or radio talk shows
6. News magazines
7. Online social networking sites such as Facebook, Twitter, or Tumblr
8. Conversations with friends, family, or co-workers
9. Have not heard anything about the upcoming election **[SP]**

Base: xcont16=1,2

NEW1[O]

What do you think is the one most important problem facing the country today?

Base: xcont12=1,2

Script: RANDOMIZE AND RECORD ORDER

[s]

ME2. Which of the following issues is the most important to you in terms of choosing which political candidates you will support in the upcoming election?

- [1] Abortion
- [2] National debt
- [3] Environment and climate change
- [4] Gay rights
- [5] Gun control
- [6] Health care
- [7] Immigration
- [8] Poverty
- [9] Income inequality
- [10] Unemployment
- [11] Economic growth
- [12] Military strength
- [13] Morality and religion in society
- [14] Racism
- [15] Social Security
- [16] Taxes
- [17] Women's rights
- [18] Crime
- [19] Foreign policy
- [20] Education
- [21] Terrorism and homeland security

Base: xcont16=1,2

Please randomize response options, and record the order

[QUESTION BELOW FROM ASIAN AMERICAN AND LATINO PANEL SURVEY OCT. 2016; ASK ONLY OF RESPONDENTS TO THAT SURVEY]

NEW2 [rank, range 1-8]

We'd like to know how important various things are to your sense of who you are. Please rank the items below where 1 is the most important to your sense of who you are and 8 is the least important to your sense of who you are.

1. Your job or occupation
2. Your religion
3. Your gender
4. Your political party
5. Your role in your family (being a parent, spouse, or child)
6. Being [if (Xcont16=1 and XQ11=1-20) OR (Xcont16=2 and XQ11=1-27): insert per below table/if (Xcont16=1 and xQ11=21 and xQ11_oe text is not blank) or (Xcont16=2 and xQ11=28 and xQ11_oe text is not blank): from [XQ11_OE]]
7. Being [Xcont16=1, insert: Latino/ if Xcont16=2, insert: Asian American]
8. Being American

PROGRAM ONLY:

IF Xcont16=1:

Insert (English Adjective)	INSERT (Spanish Adjective)
1. Argentinian	1. argentino(a)
2. Bolivian	2. boliviano(a)
3. Chilean	3. chileno(a)
4. Colombian	4. colombiano(a)
5. Costa Rican	5. Costarricense
6. Cuban	6. cubano(a)
7. Dominican	7. dominicano(a)
8. Ecuadorian	8. ecuatoriano(a)
9. Salvadorian	9. salvadoreño(a)
10. Guatemalan	10. guatemalteco(a)
11. Honduran	11. hondureño(a)
12. Mexican	12. mexicano(a)
13. Nicaraguan	13. nicaragüense
14. Panamanian	14. panameño(a)

15. Paraguayan	15. paraguayo(a)
16. Peruvian	16. peruano(a)
17. Puerto Rican	17. puertorriqueño(a)
18. Spanish	18. español/española
19. Uruguayan	19. uruguayo(a)
20. Venezuelan	20. venezolano(a)

IF Xcont16=2

1. Chinese
2. Indian
3. South Asian
4. Filipino
5. Vietnamese
6. North Vietnamese
7. South Vietnamese
8. Korean
9. Japanese
10. South East Asian
11. Bangladeshi
12. Bhutanese
13. Burmese
14. Cambodian (Kampuchean)
15. Indochinese
16. Indonesian
17. Iwo Jiman

18. Laotian
19. Malaysian
20. Maldivian
21. Nepalese
22. Okinawan
23. Pakistani
24. Singaporean
25. Sri Lankan
26. Taiwanese
27. Thai

Base: Ask all

[SP]

[NOTE THIS QUESTION WAS ASKED IN OCTOBER 2014 GENERAL POPULATION PANEL WAVE]

[VP13: CANDIDATE NAMES FOR HOUSE SHOULD BE INSERTED INTO THE SURVEY ACCORDING TO RESPONDENT'S LOCATION OF RESIDENCE AND THE CANDIDATE NAMES LISTED IN THE SEPARATE SPREADSHEETS.]

[USE LOOKUP TABLE CANDIDATE_DATA_18.XLSX][SP]

[ROTATE RESPONSE OPTIONS 1 AND 2]

VP13. In this November's election, which candidate from your district would you like to see elected to Congress...

- 1 [Candidate_1 name], the [Candidate_1 party]
- 2 [Candidate_2 name], the [Candidate_2 party]
- 3 Someone else **[specify]**
- 4 Don't know

Base: if (ppstater=21 and xcid=6,7,8,9,17) OR (ppstater=23 and xcid=11) OR (ppstater=59 and xcid=27) OR (ppstater=64 and xcid=2) OR (ppstater=72 and xcid=2,3,4,5) OR (ppstater=74 and xcid=9,20,28,30) OR (ppstater=91 and xcid=2,9) OR (ppstater=92 and xcid=3) OR (ppstater=93 and xcid=5,6,8,13,20,27,34,40,44) OR (ppstater=94 and xcid=1)

[SP]

VP13a. In this November's election, which candidate from your district would you like to see elected to Congress...

- 1 Republican candidate

2 Democratic candidate

Base: Ask all

[s]

VP9 In the 2016 presidential election, who did you support?

1. Donald Trump and Mike Pence, the Republicans
2. Hillary Clinton and Tim Kaine, the Democrats
3. Gary Johnson and Bill Weld, the Libertarians
4. Jill Stein and Ajamu Baraka, the Green Party candidates
5. Other (SPECIFY) [O]
6. Did not support anyone for President

Base: Ask all

PROPMT ONCE

[INCLUDED POST-ELECTION 2012]

[S]

Q7. Generally speaking, do you think of yourself as a...

- Republican 1
- Democrat..... 2
- Independent 3
- Another party, please specify: [TEXT] .. 4
- No preference 5

[SP, IF Q7= 1]

[S]

Q8. Would you call yourself a...

- Strong Republican 1
- Not very strong Republican 2

[SP, IF Q7 = 2]

[S]

Q9. Would you call yourself a...

- Strong Democrat 1
- Not very strong Democrat 2

[SP, IF Q7= 3, 4, 5, or refused]

[S]

Q10. Do you think of yourself as closer to the...

Republican Party 1
Democratic Party..... 2

BASE: ALL RESPONDENTS
Script: IF XQ4=1 THEN DOV_Q4=1;
IF XQ4=2 THEN DOV_Q4=2;
IF XQ4=3 THEN RANDOMLY ASSIGN RESPONDENTS TO ONE OF THE DOV_Q4 GROUPS.

Base: dov_q4=1

Q4_1 [O]

If you had to describe the Democratic Party in one sentence, what would you say?

[CONSTRAIN TEXT BOX TO 140 CHARACTERS]

Base: dov_q4=2

Q4_2 [O]

If you had to describe the Republican Party in one sentence, what would you say?

[CONSTRAIN TEXT BOX TO 140 CHARACTERS]

NOTE: QUESTIONS BELOW ASKED IN OCTOBER 2016 GENERAL POPULATION WAVE

Base: xcont12=1,2

Programming note: Feeling thermometer; reference sno 16716 NRL3A

Randomly assign whether Donald Trump or Barack Obama appears first

dov_new [s]: 1=Trump first; 2=Obama first

New. [THERMOMETER]

Please rate [IF DOV_NEW=1:Donald Trump/IF DOV_NEW=2:Barack Obama] on a thermometer that runs from 0 to 100 degrees. Rating above 50 means that you feel favorable and warm toward him, and rating below 50 means that you feel unfavorable and cool.

[IF DOV_NEW=1]NRL3Q [TRUMP]

[SP] Don't know who person is

[SP] Don't know enough about him

[IF DOV_NEW=2]NRL3E [OBAMA]

[SP] Don't know who person is

[SP] Don't know enough about her

Base: xcont12=1,2

Programming note: Feeling thermometer; reference sno 16716 NRL3A

The next person is: [IF DOV_NEW=2:Donald Trump/ IF DOV_NEW=1:Barack Obama

Where on that thermometer would you rate [IF DOV_NEW=2:Donald Trump/IF DOV_NEW=1: Barack Obama]?

[IF DOV_NEW=2]NRL3Q [TRUMP]

[SP] Don't know who person is

[SP] Don't know enough about him

[IF DOV_NEW=1]NRL3E [OBAMA]

[SP] Don't know who person is

[SP] Don't know enough about her

[NOTE: FEELING THERMOMETERS BELOW FROM SPRING 2016 LATINO / ASIAN AMERICAN SURVEY]

Base: xcont16=1,2

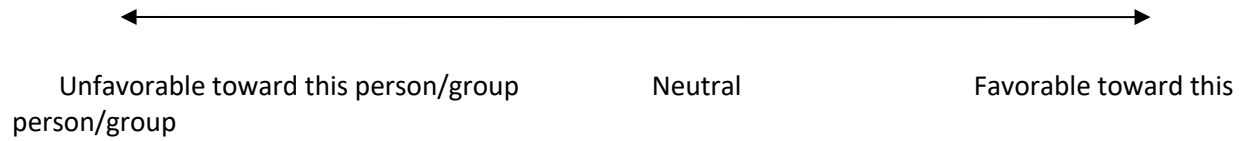
SCRIPTER: Randomize order of Q2_4 – Q2_9, Constrain democrats (q2_2) and republicans (q2_1) to be first and second in random order;

REFERENCE SNO 19715 Q23 FOR PROGRAMMING FORMAT

[Provide SLIDER, Range 0-100 with “don't know” option for every stub]

Using what is called a feeling thermometer, we want you to rate how you feel toward each group or individual below. Ratings between 0 and 49 mean that you feel unfavorable or cool toward the group or

individual. Ratings from 51 to 100 mean that you feel favorable or warm toward the group or individual. You can rate the group or individual at the 50 degree mark if you don't feel warm or cool toward them.



- Q2_1. Republicans
- Q2_2. Democrats
- Q2_4. Hillary Clinton
- Q2_5. Marco Rubio
- Q2_6. Donald Trump
- Q2_7. [if xcont16=1: Latinos/if xcont16=2: Asian Americans]
- Q2_8. Whites
- Q2_9. Blacks

**Base: if xcont12=1 or 2 and NRL3Q ne refused ask this question
If xcont16=1 or 2 ask of 50% of all respondents**

[FROM WAVE 2 OF 2008 PANEL; ALSO OCTOBER WAVE 2016 GENERAL POP. PANEL]

[TEXT BOX]

CLD2. Is there anything in particular that you like or dislike about Donald Trump? If so, please fill in the boxes below.

I like: [ENTER TEXT, LIMIT 100 CHARACTERS]

I dislike: [ENTER TEXT, LIMIT 100 CHARACTERS]

[SP] Don't know enough about this person

[SP] Nothing in particular

Issue Opinions of Respondents and Perceived Agreement with Candidates

[NOTE: THIS QUESTION WAS INCLUDED IN OCTOBER 2016 WAVE]

Base: all respondents

USE SAME GRAPHIC AS IN 2012 SURVEYS SNO16716

RE23_A [Grid]

On immigration, some people argue that U.S. policy should focus on [if RAN_RE23=1: returning illegal immigrants to their native countries./ if RAN_RE23=2: creating a pathway to U.S. citizenship for illegal immigrants.] Other people argue that U.S. policy should focus on [if RAN_RE23=1: creating a pathway to U.S. citizenship for illegal immigrants/if RAN_RE23=2: returning illegal immigrants to their native countries]. Still others are somewhere in between.

Statement in row

RE23_A. Where would you place yourself on this scale, or haven't you thought much about this?

RE23_B. Where would you place the [IF RE_Randomize2=1:Democratic Party/IF RE_Randomize2=2: Republican Party] on this scale?

RE23_C. How about the [IF RE_Randomize2=1: Republican Party/IF RE_Randomize2=2: Democratic Party]? Where would you place it on this scale?

Statement in column:

1. [if RAN_RE23=1: Return illegal immigrants to their native countries/If RAN_RE23=2:Create a pathway to U.S. citizenship for illegal immigrants]
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.
7. [if RAN_RE23=1: Create a pathway to U.S. citizenship for illegal immigrants/If RAN_RE23=2:Return illegal immigrants to their native countries]
8. DON'T KNOW

NOTE: ALL PARTICIPANTS IN THE LATINO / ASIAN AMERICAN OCTOBER 2016 SURVEY SHOULD BE INDICATED WITH A VARIABLE AND SHOULD BE ROUTED HERE TO A SEPARATE SET OF QUESTIONS BELOW

Base: xcont12=1,2

POS3 [S]

Which of the following options comes closest to your view on what we should be doing about federal income taxes?

1. Taxes should be cut.
2. Taxes should be kept pretty much as they are.
3. Taxes should be raised if necessary in order to maintain current federal programs and services.

Base: xcont12=1,2

RECORD TIME FOR THIS QUESTION
CAN BE COPIED FROM S20880

POS5 [Grid, SP across] Immigration – Self: Path to Citizenship, Border Fence

Please indicate whether you favor or oppose each of the following proposals addressing immigration:

Strongly favor	Somewhat favor	Somewhat oppose	Strongly oppose
----------------	----------------	-----------------	-----------------

1. Provide a path to citizenship for some illegal aliens who agree to return to their home country for a period of time and pay substantial fines.
2. Increase border security by building a fence along part of the U.S. border with Mexico.

Base: Ask all

CAN BE COPIED FROM S20880

DH2 [S]

As you may know, a health reform bill was signed into law in 2010. Given what you know about the health reform law, do you have a generally favorable or generally unfavorable opinion of it?

1. Very favorable
2. Somewhat favorable
3. Somewhat unfavorable
4. Very unfavorable

Base: xcont12=1,2

DH3 [O]

Could you tell me in your own words what is the main reason you have [IF DH2=1 or 2: a favorable / IF DH2=3 or 4: an unfavorable] opinion of the health reform law?

Base: if DH2=3,4 and xcont12=1,2

[S]

DH4

Would you say that your opinion of the 2010 health reform law is unfavorable because the law is too liberal or because it is not liberal enough?

1. The law is too liberal
2. The law is not liberal enough

Base: xcont12=1,2

Randomly assign respondents to one of the 2 order

DOV_R18 [S]: 1=1; 2=2

CAN BE COPIED FROM S20880

[Grid]

RE18. Some people think the health care reform law should be kept as it is. Others want to repeal the entire health care law. Still others are somewhere in between.

ACROSS

- 1-The health care reform law should be kept as it is
- 4-Only parts of the health care reform law should be kept
- 7-The entire health care law should be repealed
- 8 - **[SP]** DON'T KNOW

DOWN:

- 1. Where would you place yourself on this scale, or haven't you thought much about this?
- 2. Where would you place Donald Trump on this scale?

Base: xcont12=1,2

RANDOMLY ASSIGN 50% of General Population panelists to answer this question

RANDOMIZE AND RECORD PHRASE ORDER: DOV_phase [s]: 1=1; 2=2

[s]

ACATRUMP.

Moving forward, do you think President Trump and his administration should [DOV_phase =1: do what they can to make the current health care law work/ DOV_phase =2: do what they can to make the current health care law fail so they can replace it later] or should they [DOV_phase =1: do what they can to make the current health care law fail so they can replace it later/ DOV_phase =2: do what they can to make the current health care law work]?

1 -- [DOV_phase =1: Do what they can to make the current health care law work/DOV_phase =2: do what they can to make the current health care law fail so they can replace it later]

2 -- [DOV_phase =1: Do what they can to make the current health care law fail so they can replace it later/ DOV_phase =2: Do what they can to make the current health care law work]

3 – Not sure / don't know

Base: xcont12=1,2

RANDOMLY ASSIGN RESPONDENTS TO ONE OF THE 2 GROUPS: DOV_MORAL[S]: 1=ACAMORAL;
2=IMMIGMORAL

Base: DOV_MORAL=1

[S]

ACAMORA

To what extent is your opinion on the issue of health insurance a reflection of your core moral beliefs and convictions?

1. Not at all
2. Slightly
3. Moderately
4. Much
5. Very much

Base: DOV_MORAL=2

[S]

IMMIGMORAL

To what extent is your opinion on the issue of immigration a reflection of your core moral beliefs and convictions?

1. Not at all
2. Slightly
3. Moderately
4. Much
5. Very much

Base: xcont12=1,2

RANDOMIZR RESPONSE OPTIONS

[GRID]

QT2

Below is a list of different people and groups who might have been affected by the 2010 health reform law. For each, please tell us if you think the group has been better off or worse off under the health reform law, or if the law hasn't made much difference for that group.

ACROSS:

1. Much better off
2. Somewhat better off
3. Hasn't made much difference
4. Somewhat worse off
5. Much worse off

DOWN:

1. You and your family
2. Senior citizens
3. Hispanics/Latinos
4. Undocumented/illegal immigrants
5. Blacks
6. Women
7. Unemployed people
8. Democrats
9. Republicans
10. Whites

Base: xcont12=1,2

[S]

SINGLEPAYER

Do you favor or oppose having a national health plan--or a single-payer plan--in which all Americans would get their insurance from a single government plan?

1. Strongly favor
2. Somewhat favor
3. Somewhat oppose
4. Strongly oppose

Base: xcont12=1,2

[RANDOMIZE POLARITY OF RESPONSE OPTIONS. PLEASE RECORD THE ORDER]

[S]

COST

Thinking about your health insurance premiums and your deductible and co-pay expenses, does it seem to you that lately these costs have gone up, gone down, or held steady?

1. Gone up a lot
2. Gone up a little
3. Held steady
4. Gone down a little
5. Gone down a lot
6. Not sure

Base: xcont12=1,2 AND PPETHM=1

Scripter:

Sliding scale; sp, range 0-100, do not show range

MAKE SURE THEY DO IT THE SAME WAY AS THEY DID IT IN SNO20880, ESP IN TERMS OF WHERE THE SLIDER STARTS, ETC

Base: xcont12=1,2 AND PPETHM=1 (White, Non-Hispanic)

TIME THIS QUESTION

[NOTE: THIS FOLLOWS THE PROCEDURE FROM THE PRE-ELECTION OCTOBER 2016 GENERAL PANEL WAVE]

CREATE DATA-ONLY RANDOM VARIABLE.

[RANDOMIZE ORDER OF DETH1, DETH2, DETH3.]

DOV_DETH

First	Second	Third
1	2	3

1. DETH1
2. DETH2
3. DETH3

PROGRAMMING NOTE: SHOW FIRST QUESTION IN THE ORDER AFTER DETH0, SECOND QUESTION AFTER SOCTRUST, THIRD QUESTION AFTER TWEET.

[SLIDING SCALES; SP, RANGES 0-100, DO NOT SHOW RANGES ; SHOW ALL SCALES ON THE SAME SCREEN]

Base: xcont12=1,2 AND PPETHM=1 (White, Non-Hispanic)

[put deth0 instruction and DOV_DETH ORDER 1 on the same screen]

[CAN BE COPIED FROM SNO20880]

DETH0.[Sliding Scale – S – Range 0-100]

Next are some questions about various groups in our society. Below are left-right scales on which you can rate characteristics of people in different groups.

- For the first item below, the far left side of the scale means that you think most of the people in that group are “hard working.”
- Placing the slider on the far right side means that you think most of the people in that group are “lazy.”

The middle means that you think the people in this group are not particularly towards one end or the other.

Base: xcont12=1,2 AND PPETHM=1 (White, Non-Hispanic)

DETH1. Where would you rate whites in general on these scales?

Hard working																				Lazy

Trustworthy																				Untrustworthy

Political System Legitimacy

Base: xcont12=1,2
CAN BE COPIED FROM SNO 20880
TIME THIS QUESTON

RE24 [Grid SP across, MP down] Please tell us how much you agree or disagree with each of the following statements:

Strongly agree	Somewhat agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Somewhat disagree	Strongly disagree
----------------	----------------	----------------------------	-------------------	-------------------

1. I would rather live under our system of government than any other that I can think of.
2. Our system of government is in need of some serious changes.
3. Whatever its faults may be, our form of government is best for representing the interests of the country’s citizens.
4. At present I feel very critical of our political system.

Base: xcont12=1,2
RANDOMLY ASSIGN 50% OF GENERAL POPULATION PANELISTS TO SEE THIS QUESTION

[S]
SOCTRUST

- 1 Covered by health insurance
- 2 Not covered by health insurance

Base: DH7=2

[S]

DH7A. Some people who don't have health insurance are required to pay a fine or penalty to the U.S. government. How about you? In the past five years, have you paid a tax or fine to the U.S. government because you did not have health insurance?

- 1 Yes, I paid a tax/fine
- 2 No, I did not pay a tax/fine
- 3 Don't know / not sure

Base: DH7=1

Can be copied from sno 20880

DH8 [S]

Which of the following is your MAIN source of health insurance coverage? Is it a plan through your or your spouse's employer, a plan you purchased yourself, are you covered by Medicare or Medicaid/Medi-CAL, some other government program, or do you get your health insurance from somewhere else?

- 1 Plan through your/your spouse's employer
- 2 Plan you purchased yourself
- 3 Medicare
- 4 Medicaid/Medi-CAL
- 5 Some other government program
- 6 Somewhere else (**SPECIFY**) [**O**]
- 7 Plan through your parent/mother/father

Base: DH8=2,6

[s]

DH8A

Did you purchase your CURRENT health insurance plan directly from an insurance company, from the marketplace known as healthcare.gov [or [**INSERT STATE-SPECIFIC MARKETPLACE NAME FROM TABLE below**]], or through an insurance agent or broker?

1. Directly from an insurance company
2. From Healthcare.Gov [or **insert state-specific marketplace name**]
3. Through an insurance agent or broker
4. Somewhere else
- 5 Don't know

[LISTING OF STATE-SPECIFIC MARKETPLACE NAMES]

AL	
AK	
AZ	
AR	
CA	Covered California
CO	Connect for Health Colorado
CT	Access Health CTÉ
DC	DC Health Link
DE	
FL	
GA	
HI	
ID	Your Health Idaho
IL	
IN	
IA	
KS	
KY	
LA	
ME	
MD	Maryland Health Connection
MA	Health Connector
MI	
MN	Mnsure
MS	
MO	
MT	
NE	
NV	
NH	
NJ	
NM	beWellnm
NY	New York State of Health
NC	
ND	
OH	
OK	
OR	
PA	
RI	

1. Yes
2. No
3. Don't know

Base: xcont12=1,2

[S]

TWEET. Do you currently use the online social networking service Twitter?

1. Yes
2. No
3. I'm not sure

Base: xcont16=1,2

SCRIPTER: Randomize and record order of Q6_1 to Q6_4

Please keep Q6, Q6_1 to Q6_4 on the same screen, and single punch for each one.

Q6 [DISPLAY]

In the following questions we are interested in your beliefs about the way other people have treated you in the U.S. How often in the last five years have you...

Base: xcont16=1,2

Q6_1 [S]

How often in the last five years have you experienced discrimination *when applying for a job or promotion?*

1. Never
2. Once
3. Sometimes
4. Occasionally
5. Frequently

Base: xcont16=1,2

Q6_2 [S]

How often in the last five years have you experienced discrimination *when dealing with the police or courts?*

1. Never
2. Once
3. Sometimes
4. Occasionally
5. Frequently

Base: xcont16=1,2

Q6_3[S]

How often in the last five years have you experienced discrimination *when looking to rent or buy a home?*

1. Never
2. Once
3. Sometimes
4. Occasionally
5. Frequently

Base: xcont16=1,2

Q6_4[S]

How often in the last five years have you experienced discrimination *in a store, bank, or restaurant?*

1. Never
2. Once
3. Sometimes
4. Occasionally
5. Frequently

Base: xcont16=1,2

[GRID – 5 per statement]

Please tell us whether you agree or disagree with the following statements:

Statements in row:

Q10_2. "My racial/ethnic group is discriminated against."

Q10_3. "I experience discrimination because of my race/ethnicity."

Statements in column:

1. Strongly agree
2. Mostly agree
3. Somewhat agree
4. Somewhat disagree
5. Mostly disagree
6. Strongly disagree

Base: xcont12=1,2

[SP]

PRR1. In general, do you think race relations in the United States are very good, fairly good, fairly bad, very bad, or neither good or bad?

- | | |
|---|---------------------|
| 1 | Very good |
| 2 | Fairly good |
| 3 | Fairly bad |
| 4 | Very bad |
| 5 | Neither good or bad |

Base: xcont12=1,2

[SP]

PRR2. Over the course of the past 10 years, do you feel that race relations have gotten better, gotten worse, or stayed about the same?

- 1 Gotten a lot better
- 2 Gotten a little better
- 3 Gotten a little worse
- 4 Gotten a lot worse
- 5 Stayed about the same

GOVERNMENT HELP TO BLACKS

Base: xcont12=1,2

7 POINT SCALE; PLEASE PRESENT AS WAS DONE IN 2012 PRE-ELECTION WAVE

RE23_2 [s].

Now we would like to ask about a separate topic. Some people feel that the government in Washington should make every effort to improve the social and economic position of blacks. (Suppose these people are at one end of a scale, at point 1.) Others feel that the government should not make any special effort to help blacks because they should help themselves. (Suppose these people are at the other end, at point 7.) And, of course, some other people have opinions somewhere in between, at points 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6.

Where would you place YOURSELF on this scale?

- 1 Government should help blacks
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7 Blacks should help themselves

H. LATINO /Asian American IDENTITY

Base: xcont16=1,2

SCRIPTER:

Questions below are two blocks 12_1 and 12_3 constitutes one block, 12_4 and 12_5 constitutes the other block. Please randomize the order in which the blocks are asked and randomize the question order within the blocks. Please record the randomization order too,

Q12 [S, ONE ITEM PER SCREEN]

Please tell us whether you agree or disagree with the following statement:

Q12_1. Being [if xcont16=1: Latino/if xcont16=2:Asian American] is *not* important to my sense of what kind of person I am.

Q12_3. Identifying with other [if xcont16=1: Latinos/if xcont16=2:Asian Americans] is central to who I am as an individual.

Q12_4. I feel good about being [if xcont16=1: Latino./if xcont16=2:Asian American.

Q12_5. I often regret that I am [if xcont16=1: Latino./if xcont16=2:Asian American.

1. Strongly disagree
2. Somewhat disagree
3. Somewhat agree
4. Strongly agree

G. NATIONAL ORIGIN IDENTITY

Base: IF (Xcont16=1 and XQ11=1-20) OR (xcont16=2 and XQ11=1-27) or (Xcont16=1 and XQ11=21 and XQ11_OE text is not blank) or (xcont16=2 and XQ11=28 and XQ11_OE text is not blank)

SCRIPTER: Randomize and record the order of statements

These four questions (Q13_1, Q13_2, Q13_4, and Q13_5) should use the “from country” formulation only when the XQ11_OE IS NOT MISSING. Otherwise, they should provide the adjectival form as in the survey above (e.g. “Being Argentinian”).

[QUESTIONS BELOW ARE TWO BLOCKS—13_1 and 13_2 constitutes one block, 13_4 and 13_5 constitutes the other block. Please randomize and record the order in which the blocks are asked and randomize the question order within the blocks.]

Q13 [S, ONE STATEMENT PER SCREEN]

Q13_1. Overall, being [if (XCONT16=1 and XQ11=1-20) OR (XCONT16=2 and XQ11=1-27): insert per below table/if (xcont16=1 and xQ11=21 and xQ11_oe text is not blank) or (xcont16=2 and xQ11=28 and xQ11_oe text is not blank): from [XQ11_OE]] is *not* important to who I am as a person.

Q13_2. The fact that I am [if (XCONT16=1 and XQ11=1-20) OR (XCONT16=2 and XQ11=1-27): insert per below table/if (xcont16=1 and xQ11=21 and xQ11_oe text is not blank) or (xcont16=2 and xQ11=28 and xQ11_oe text is not blank): from [XQ11_OE]] is central to how I think of myself.

Q13_4. I feel good about being [if (XCONT16=1 and XQ11=1-20) OR (XCONT16=2 and XQ11=1-27): insert per below table/if (xcont16=1 and xQ11=21 and xQ11_oe text is not blank) or (xcont16=2 and xQ11=28 and xQ11_oe text is not blank): from [XQ11_OE]].

Q13_5. I often regret that I am [if (XCONT16=1 and XQ11=1-20) OR (XCONT16=2 and XQ11=1-27): insert per below table/if (xcont16=1 and xQ11=21 and xQ11_oe text is not blank) or (xcont16=2 and xQ11=28 and xQ11_oe text is not blank): from [XQ11_OE]].

1. Strongly disagree
2. Somewhat disagree
3. Somewhat agree
4. Strongly agree

PROGRAM ONLY:

IF XCONT16=1:

Insert (English Adjective)	INSERT (Spanish Adjective)
1. Argentinian	1. argentino(a)
2. Bolivian	2. boliviano(a)
3. Chilean	3. chileno(a)
4. Colombian	4. colombiano(a)
5. Costa Rican	5. Costarricense
6. Cuban	6. cubano(a)
7. Dominican	7. dominicano(a)
8. Ecuadorian	8. ecuatoriano(a)
9. Salvadorian	9. salvadoreño(a)
10. Guatemalan	10. guatemalteco(a)
11. Honduran	11. hondureño(a)
12. Mexican	12. mexicano(a)
13. Nicaraguan	13. nicaragüense
14. Panamanian	14. panameño(a)
15. Paraguayan	15. paraguayo(a)
16. Peruvian	16. peruano(a)
17. Puerto Rican	17. puertorriqueño(a)
18. Spanish	18. español/española
19. Uruguayan	19. uruguayo(a)
20. Venezuelan	20. venezolano(a)

IF XCONT16=2

1. Chinese
2. Indian
3. South Asian
4. Filipino
5. Vietnamese
6. North Vietnamese
7. South Vietnamese
8. Korean
9. Japanese
10. South East Asian
11. Bangladeshi
12. Bhutanese
13. Burmese
14. Cambodian (Kampuchean)
15. Indochinese
16. Indonesian
17. Iwo Jiman
18. Laotian
19. Malaysian
20. Maldivian
21. Nepalese
22. Okinawan
23. Pakistani
24. Singaporean
25. Sri Lankan
26. Taiwanese

27. Thai

I. AMERICAN IDENTITY

Base: xcont16=1,2

SCRIPTER:

QUESTIONS BELOW ARE TWO BLOCKS—14_2 and 14_3 constitutes one block, 14_4 and 14_5 constitutes the other block. Please randomize the order in which the blocks are asked and randomize the question order within the blocks. Please also record the order.

Q14 [S, ONE ITEM PER SCREEN]

2. Being American is *not* important to who I am as a person.
3. Identifying as American is central to how I see myself.
4. I feel good about being American.
5. I often regret that I am American.

1. Strongly disagree
2. Somewhat disagree
3. Somewhat agree
4. Strongly agree

Base: xcont16=1,2 AND (Q7=1 or Q7=2 or Q10=1 or Q10=2)

RANDOMLY ASSIGN ½ OF ASIAN AMERICAN / LATINO RESPONDENTS WITH PARTY LEANING TO THIS QUESTION; OTHERS SKIP TO NEXT QUESTIONS

[O]

Q15. In one sentence, what do you like most about the [IF Q7=1 or Q10=1: Republican Party / IF Q7=2 or Q10=2: Democratic Party?

[SHORT TEXT BOX]

[ALL LATINO AND ASIAN AMERICAN RESPONDENTS]

Base: xcont16=1,2

[Grid]

How much discrimination is there in the United States today against each of the following groups?
[Randomize order of groups below; present in grid]

Statement:

- [C244] Blacks
- [C245] Asian Americans
- [C247] Latinos

Scale:

1. A lot
2. Some
3. A little
4. None at all
5. Don't know

VII. STANDARD SCREENED OUT TEXT FOR PANEL SAMPLE:

<See SCREENER section>

END OF QUESTIONNAIRE

Appendix B: Questionnaire – Spanish

This survey will combine two prior panel populations. Specifically, this questionnaire includes questions to be asked of respondents from the October wave of the 2012 general population panel () as well as the 2016 two-wave panel study of Asian Americans and Latinos (310.209.01167.1).

The base for this questionnaire was the November/December 2016 General Population panel (310.209.01192.1). Some questions are drawn from that panel’s October 2016 wave (310.111.00615.1).

The “Asian American and Latino sample” refers to those Latino and Asian American respondents who participated in prior waves of a separate panel with waves in spring 2016 (310.111.00617.1) and fall 2016 (310.209.01167.1).

Recontact Pre-election 2018 310.209.01838.1

Account Executive: Wendy Mansfield
Project Manager: Ying Wang
Contracted Length of Interview: 10 minutes
Start Fieldwork: 10/15/18
End Fieldwork: 10/31/18

I. SAMPLE VARIABLES

- Xspanish: 1=English; 2=Spanish
- XACSLANG: 1=English Dominant, 2=Bilingual, 3=Spanish Dominant, 4=Hispanic missing data, 5=Non-Hispanic
- Xcont16: 1= Hispanics 2016; 2= Asian 2016; 3=non2016
- Xcont12: 1=gen pop 2012; 2=oversample 2012; 3=non2012
- XQ11: 0-28
- XQ11_OE: text
- XQ4: 1=1; 2=2; 3=3
- Xparty7: 1=Strong Republican; 2= Not Strong Republican; 3=Leans Republican; 4= Undecided/Independent/Other; 5=Leans Democrat; 6= Not Strong Democrat; 7= Strong Democrat; 9=Missing
- Xideo: 1=Extremely liberal; 2=Liberal; 3=Slightly liberal; 4=Moderate, middle of the road; 5=Slightly conservative; 6=Conservative; 7=Extremely conservative; 9=Missing
- Xzip
- XHISPAN: 1= No, I am not; 2= Yes, Mexican, mexican-American, Chicano; 3= Yes, Mexican, mexican-American, Chicano; 4= yes, Cuban, Cuban American; 8= Yes, Other; 9=refused/missing
- xcid

II. QUOTA CHECK BASED ON SAMPLE VARIABLES

No Quota

III. INTRODUCTION

NA

IV. SCREENER

SCRIPTER: Do not prompt on all questions

ACSLANG/XACSLANG – ASKED OF HISPANICS ONLY

BASE: xacslang=4 or Null

QACSLAN1 [S]

¿Habla usted otro idioma además del inglés en su hogar?

- Sí..... 1
- No..... 2

BASE: (xacslang=4 or Null) AND QACSLAN1 = 1

QACSLAN2 [M]

Qué idioma habla usted en su hogar además del inglés?

- Español..... 1
- Chino (cualquier dialecto..... 2
- Tagalog..... 3
- Vietnamita..... 4
- Francés..... 5
- Alemán..... 6
- Otro idioma..... 7

BASE: (xacslang=4 or Null) AND QACSLAN1 = 1

QACSLAN3 [S]

¿Qué tan bien habla usted inglés?

- Muy bien..... 1
- Bien..... 2
- No muy bien.....3
- Para nada bien.....4

Create Data-only variable QACSLANG by using the below logic involving responses to QACSLAN1-QACSLAN3

create numeric variable, qacslang, range [1,3]

if qacslan1 = 2 qacslang = 1.

if qacslan1 = REFUSED and (respondent is taking survey in English) qacslang = 1.

if qacslan1 = REFUSED and (respondent is taking survey in Spanish) qacslang = 3.
if qacslan2 = 2-7, REFUSED and (respondent is taking survey in English) qacslang = 1.
if qacslan2 = 2-7, REFUSED and (respondent is taking survey in Spanish) qacslang = 3.
if qacslan2 = 1 and (qacslan3 =1 or qacslan3 = 2) qacslang = 2.
if qacslan2 = 1 and (qacslan3 =3 or qacslan3 = 4) qacslang = 3.
if qacslan2 = 1 and (qacslan3 = REFUSED) and (respondent is taking survey in English) qacslang = 2.
if qacslan2 = 1 and (qacslan3 = REFUSED) and (respondent is taking survey in Spanish) qacslang = 3.

DATA ONLY [SINGLE PUNCH]

DOV_ACSLANG – LANGUAGE PROFICIENCY - AGGREGATE OF XACSLANG AND QACSLANG (QACSLAN1-QACSLAN4)

INSTRUCTIONS: IF XACSLANG=1-3 THEN DOV_ACSLANG=XACSLANG. IF XACSLANG=4 OR NULL THEN

DOV_ACSLANG=QACSLANG. IF XACSLANG=5 THEN DOV_ACSLANG=5.

1. English Proficient
2. Bilingual
3. Spanish Proficient
4. Hispanics who have missing data; re-ask in field
5. Non-Hispanics, not asked

SAMVAR Definition

Variable name: XACSLANG

Type: SP

Variable Text: Primary Language

Response list:

1. English Proficient
2. Bilingual
3. Spanish Proficient
4. Hispanics who have missing data; re-ask in field
5. Non-Hispanics, not asked

V. MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE

Base: xcont16=1,2

NEW1[O]

¿Qué es el problema más importante que enfrenta nuestro país hoy en día?

Base: xcont16=1,2

Please randomize response options, and record the order

[QUESTION BELOW FROM ASIAN AMERICAN AND LATINO PANEL SURVEY OCT. 2016; ASK ONLY OF RESPONDENTS TO THAT SURVEY]

NEW2 [rank, range 1-8]

Queremos saber que tan importantes son varias cosas para su sentido de quien es usted. Por favor ordene los siguientes artículos, donde 1 es el más importante para su sentido de quien es usted y 8 es el menos importante para su sentido de quien es usted.

1. Su trabajo u ocupación
2. Su religión

3. Su género
4. Su partido político
5. Su rol en la familia (ser padre o madre, cónyuge, o hijo(a))
6. El ser [if (Xcont16=1 and XQ11=1-20): insert per below table/if (Xcont16=1 and xQ11=21 and xQ11_oe text is not blank): del [XQ11_OE]]
7. El ser [Xcont16=1, insert: Latino]
8. El ser americano

PROGRAM ONLY:

IF Xcont16=1:

Insert (English Adjective)	INSERT (Spanish Adjective)
1. Argentinian	1. argentino(a)
2. Bolivian	2. boliviano(a)
3. Chilean	3. chileno(a)
4. Colombian	4. colombiano(a)
5. Costa Rican	5. Costarricense
6. Cuban	6. cubano(a)
7. Dominican	7. dominicano(a)
8. Ecuadorian	8. ecuatoriano(a)
9. Salvadorian	9. salvadoreño(a)
10. Guatemalan	10. guatemalteco(a)
11. Honduran	11. hondureño(a)
12. Mexican	12. mexicano(a)
13. Nicaraguan	13. nicaragüense
14. Panamanian	14. panameño(a)
15. Paraguayan	15. paraguayo(a)
16. Peruvian	16. peruano(a)
17. Puerto Rican	17. puertorriqueño(a)
18. Spanish	18. español/española

19. Uruguayan	19. uruguayo(a)
20. Venezuelan	20. venezolano(a)

Base: Ask all

[SP]

[NOTE THIS QUESTION WAS ASKED IN OCTOBER 2014 GENERAL POPULATION PANEL WAVE]

[VP13: CANDIDATE NAMES FOR HOUSE SHOULD BE INSERTED INTO THE SURVEY ACCORDING TO RESPONDENT'S LOCATION OF RESIDENCE AND THE CANDIDATE NAMES LISTED IN THE SEPARATE SPREADSHEETS.]

[USE LOOKUP TABLE CANDIDATE_DATA_18.XLSX][SP]

[ROTATE RESPONSE OPTIONS 1 AND 2]

VP13. En la elección de este noviembre, ¿cual candidato de su distrito desea ver elegido al congreso de los E.E.U.U.?

- 1 [Candidate_1 name], el republicano [Candidate_1 party]
- 2 [Candidate_2 name], el demócrata [Candidate_2 party]
- 3 Alguien más **[specify]**
- 4 No sé

Base: if (ppstaten=21 and xcid=6,7,8,9,17) OR (ppstaten=23 and xcid=11) OR (ppstaten=59 and xcid=27) OR (ppstaten=64 and xcid=2) OR (ppstaten=72 and xcid=2,3,4,5) OR (ppstaten=74 and xcid=9,20,28,30) OR (ppstaten=91 and xcid=2,9) OR (ppstaten=92 and xcid=3) OR (ppstaten=93 and xcid=5,6,8,13,20,27,34,40,44) OR (ppstaten=94 and xcid=1)

[SP]

VP13a. En la elección de este noviembre, ¿cual candidato de su distrito desea ver elegido al congreso de los E.E.U.U.?

- 1 Un republicano
- 2 Un demócrata

Base: Ask all

[s]

VP9 En la elección presidencial de 2016, ¿qué candidato apoyó usted?

1. Donald Trump y Mike Pence, los republicanos
2. Hillary Clinton y Tim Kaine, los demócratas
3. Gary Johnson y Bill Weld, los libertarios
4. Jill Stein y Amaju Baraka, los candidatos del partido verde
5. Otros (sea específico) **[O]**
6. No apoyé a nadie por presidente

Base: Ask all
PROPMT ONCE

[INCLUDED POST-ELECTION 2012]

[S]

Q7. ¿Por lo general, desde hoy, se considera usted un Demócrata, Republicano, Independiente, o algo más?

Republicano..... 1
Demócrata..... 2
Independiente 3
Otro: [TEXT]..... 4
Ninguna preferencia..... 5

[SP, IF Q7= 1]

[S]

Q8. ¿Se considera usted fuertemente Republicano o no muy fuertemente Republicano?

fuertemente Republicano 1
no muy fuertemente Republicano 2

[SP, IF Q7 = 2]

[S]

Q9. ¿Se considera usted fuertemente Demócrata o no muy fuertemente Demócrata?

fuertemente Demócrata 1
no muy fuertemente Demócrata 2

[SP, IF Q7= 3, 4, 5, or refused]

[S]

Q10. Se considera usted más cercano al...

partido Republicano 1
partido Demócrata 2

BASE: ALL RESPONDENTS

Script: IF XQ4=1 THEN DOV_Q4=1;

IF XQ4=2 THEN DOV_Q4=2;

IF XQ4=3 THEN RANDOMLY ASSIGN RESPONDENTS TO ONE OF THE DOV_Q4 GROUPS.

Base: dov_q4=1

[TEXT BOX]

CLD2 ¿Hay algo en particular que a usted le guste or no le guste de Donald Trump?

Me gusta: _____ [ENTER TEXT; LIMIT 100 CHARACTERS]

No me gusta: _____ [ENTER TEXT; LIMIT 100 CHARACTERS]

[SP] No sé lo suficiente sobre esta persona

[SP] No hay nada en particular que me guste o no me guste

Issue Opinions of Respondents and Perceived Agreement with Candidates

[NOTE: THIS QUESTION WAS INCLUDED IN OCTOBER 2016 WAVE]

Base: all respondents

USE SAME GRAPHIC AS IN 2012 SURVEYS SNO16716

RE23_A [Grid]

En cuanto a la inmigración, algunas personas sostienen que la política de los EE.UU. debe enfocarse en **[if RAN_RE23=1: regresar a los inmigrantes indocumentados a sus países de origen./ if RAN_RE23=2: crear un camino hacia la ciudadanía estadounidense para inmigrantes indocumentados.]** Otras personas sostienen que la política de los EE.UU. debe enfocarse en **[if RAN_RE23=1: crear un camino hacia la ciudadanía estadounidense para inmigrantes indocumentados/if RAN_RE23=2: regresar a los inmigrantes indocumentados a sus países de origen].** Y otros, se encuentran en un punto intermedio de estas opciones.

StaTEment in row

RE23_A. ¿En qué lugar se colocaría usted en esta escala, o no ha pensado mucho sobre esto?

RE23_B. ¿En qué lugar colocaría usted al **[IF RE_Randomize2=1: partido Demócrata/IF**

RE_Randomize2=2: partido Republicano] en esta escala?

RE23_C. ¿Qué tal el **[IF RE_Randomize2=1: partido Republicano/IF RE_Randomize2=2: partido Demócrata]**? ¿En qué lugar lo colocaría en esta escala?

Statement in column:

1. **[If RAN_RE23=1: Regresar a los inmigrantes indocumentados a sus países de origen/If RAN_RE23=2: Crear un camino hacia la ciudadanía estadounidense para inmigrantes indocumentados]**
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.
7. **[If RAN_RE23=1: Crear un camino hacia la ciudadanía estadounidense para inmigrantes indocumentados/If RAN_RE23=2: Regresar a los inmigrantes indocumentados a sus países de origen]**
8. No he pensado mucho sobre esto.

DH2 [S]

Como usted tal vez sepa, una reforma al sistema de salud se convirtió en ley en el 2010. Dado lo que sabe sobre esta ley reformista (health reform law), ¿tiene usted una opinión favorable o desfavorable sobre la misma?

1. Muy favorable
2. Algo favorable
3. Algo desfavorable
4. Muy desfavorable

Base: xcont16=1,2

SCRIPTER: Randomize and record order of Q6_1 to Q6_4

Please keep Q6, Q6_1 to Q6_4 on the same screen, and single punch for each one.

Q6 [DISPLAY]

En las siguientes preguntas estamos interesados en lo que usted cree sobre la manera que otra gente le ha tratado a usted en los E.E.U.U. ¿Qué tan seguido en los últimos cinco años ha...

Base: xcont16=1,2

Q6_1 [S]

¿Qué tan seguido en los últimos cinco años ha sufrido discriminación *al aplicar a un trabajo o por un censo*?

1. Nunca
2. Una vez
3. A veces
4. Ocasionalmente
5. Frecuentemente

Base: xcont16=1,2

Q6_2 [S]

¿Qué tan seguido en los últimos cinco años ha sufrido discriminación *cuando interactuando con la policía o las cortes*?

1. Nunca
2. Una vez
3. A veces
4. Ocasionalmente
5. Frecuentemente

Base: xcont16=1,2

Q6_3[S]

¿Qué tan seguido en los últimos cinco años ha sufrido discriminación *cuando buscando alquilar o comprar una casa*?

1. Nunca
2. Una vez

3. A veces
4. Ocasionalmente

Base: xcont16=1,2

Q6_4[S]

¿Qué tan seguido en los últimos cinco años ha sufrido discriminación *en una tienda, banco, o restaurante?*

1. Nunca
2. Una vez
3. A veces
4. Ocasionalmente
5. Frecuentemente

Base: xcont16=1,2

[GRID – 5 per statement]

Por favor díganos si usted está de acuerdo o en desacuerdo con las siguientes declaraciones.

Statements in row:

Q10_2. “Mi grupo racial/étnico es discriminado.”

Q10_3. “Yo sufro discriminación por causa de mi raza/etnicidad.”

Statements in column:

1. Muy de acuerdo
2. Generalmente de acuerdo
3. Algo de acuerdo
4. Algo en desacuerdo
5. Generalmente en desacuerdo
6. Muy en desacuerdo

H. LATINO /Asian American IDENTITY

Base: xcont16=1,2

SCRIPTER:

Questions below are two blocks 12_1 and 12_3 constitutes one block, 12_4 and 12_5 constitutes the other block. Please randomize the order in which the blocks are asked and randomize the question order within the blocks. Please record the randomization order too,

Q12 [S, ONE ITEM PER SCREEN]

Por favor díganos si usted está de acuerdo o en desacuerdo con las siguientes declaraciones:

Q12_1. El ser [if xcont16=1: latino(a)] *no* es un factor importante en mi forma de ser.

Q12_3. Identificarme con otros [if xcont16=1: latinos(as)] es un factor determinante de qué clase de persona soy.

Q12_4. El ser [if xcont16=1: latino(a)] me hace sentir bien].

Q12_5. Con frecuencia me lamento de ser latino(a).

1. Muy en desacuerdo
2. Algo en desacuerdo
3. Algo de acuerdo
4. Muy de acuerdo

G. NATIONAL ORIGIN IDENTITY

Base: IF (Xcont16=1 and XQ11=1-20) OR (xcont16=2 and XQ11=1-27) or (Xcont16=1 and XQ11=21 and XQ11_OE text is not blank) or (xcont16=2 and XQ11=28 and XQ11_OE text is not blank)

SCRIPTER: Randomize and record the order of statements

These four questions (Q13_1, Q13_2, Q13_4, and Q13_5) should use the “from country” formulation only when the XQ11_OE IS NOT MISSING. Otherwise, they should provide the adjectival form as in the survey above (e.g. “Being Argentinian”).

[QUESTIONS BELOW ARE TWO BLOCKS—13_1 and 13_2 constitutes one block, 13_4 and 13_5 constitutes the other block. Please randomize and record the order in which the blocks are asked and randomize the question order within the blocks.]

Q13 [S, ONE STATEMENT PER SCREEN]

Q13_1. En general, el ser [if (XCONT16=1 and XQ11=1-20) OR (XCONT16=2 and XQ11=1-27): insert per below table/if (xcont16=1 and xQ11=21 and xQ11_oe text is not blank) or (xcont16=2 and xQ11=28 and xQ11_oe text is not blank): del [XQ11_OE]] *no* es un factor importante que influya en cómo pienso que soy.

Q13_2. El hecho de que soy [if (XCONT16=1 and XQ11=1-20) OR (XCONT16=2 and XQ11=1-27): insert per below table/if (xcont16=1 and xQ11=21 and xQ11_oe text is not blank) or (xcont16=2 and xQ11=28 and xQ11_oe text is not blank): del [XQ11_OE]] es un factor determinante en cómo pienso que soy.

Q13_4. El ser [if (XCONT16=1 and XQ11=1-20) OR (XCONT16=2 and XQ11=1-27): insert per below table/if (xcont16=1 and xQ11=21 and xQ11_oe text is not blank) or (xcont16=2 and xQ11=28 and xQ11_oe text is not blank): del [XQ11_OE]].

Q13_5. Con frecuencia me lamento de ser [if (XCONT16=1 and XQ11=1-20) OR (XCONT16=2 and XQ11=1-27): insert per below table/if (xcont16=1 and xQ11=21 and xQ11_oe text is not blank) or (xcont16=2 and xQ11=28 and xQ11_oe text is not blank): del [XQ11_OE]].

1. Muy en desacuerdo

2. Algo en desacuerdo
3. Algo de acuerdo
4. Muy de acuerdo

PROGRAM ONLY:

IF XCONT16=1:

Insert (English Adjective)	INSERT (Spanish Adjective)
1. Argentinian	1. argentino(a)
2. Bolivian	2. boliviano(a)
3. Chilean	3. chileno(a)
4. Colombian	4. colombiano(a)
5. Costa Rican	5. Costarricense
6. Cuban	6. cubano(a)
7. Dominican	7. dominicano(a)
8. Ecuadorian	8. ecuatoriano(a)
9. Salvadorian	9. salvadoreño(a)
10. Guatemalan	10. guatemalteco(a)
11. Honduran	11. hondureño(a)
12. Mexican	12. mexicano(a)
13. Nicaraguan	13. nicaragüense
14. Panamanian	14. panameño(a)
15. Paraguayan	15. paraguayo(a)
16. Peruvian	16. peruano(a)
17. Puerto Rican	17. puertorriqueño(a)
18. Spanish	18. español/española
19. Uruguayan	19. uruguayo(a)
20. Venezuelan	20. venezolano(a)

IF XCONT16=2

1. Chinese
2. Indian
3. South Asian
4. Filipino
5. Vietnamese
6. North Vietnamese
7. South Vietnamese
8. Korean
9. Japanese
10. South East Asian
11. Bangladeshi
12. Bhutanese
13. Burmese
14. Cambodian (Kampuchean)
15. Indochinese
16. Indonesian
17. Iwo Jiman
18. Laotian
19. Malaysian
20. Maldivian
21. Nepalese
22. Okinawan
23. Pakistani
24. Singaporean

25. Sri Lankan
26. Taiwanese
27. Thai

I. AMERICAN IDENTITY

Base: xcont16=1,2

SCRIPTER:

QUESTIONS BELOW ARE TWO BLOCKS—14_2 and 14_3 constitutes one block, 14_4 and 14_5 constitutes the other block. Please randomize the order in which the blocks are asked and randomize the question order within the blocks. Please also record the order.

Q14 [S, ONE ITEM PER SCREEN]

2. El ser americano *no* es un factor importante que influya en qué clase de persona soy.
3. Identificarme como americano(a) es un factor determinante en cómo pienso que soy.
- 4 El ser americano(a) me hace sentir bien.
5. Con frecuencia me lamento de ser americano(a).

1. Muy en desacuerdo
2. Algo en desacuerdo
3. Algo de acuerdo
4. Muy de acuerdo

Base: xcont16=1,2

SCRIPTER: RANDOMLY ASSIGN ½ OF SPANISH LANGUAGE SPEAKERS

Q16 [s]

Hay quienes reportan que sus hijos les ayudan traduciendo o interpretando del inglés. ¿Alguna vez sus hijos le han ayudado interpretando o traduciendo algo del inglés a su lengua materna?

1. Nunca
2. Una vez
3. A veces
4. Ocasionalmente
5. Frecuentemente

Base: xcont16=1,2 AND (Q7=1 or Q7=2 or Q10=1 or Q10=2)

RANDOMLY ASSIGN ½ OF ASIAN AMERICAN / LATINO RESPONDENTS WITH PARTY LEANING TO THIS QUESTION; OTHERS SKIP TO NEXT QUESTIONS

[O]

Q15. En una frase, por favor díganos ¿qué es lo que mas a usted le gusta sobre el partido [IF Q7=1 or Q10=1: Republicano / IF Q7=2 or Q10=2: Demócrata]?

[SHORT TEXT BOX]

[ALL LATINO AND ASIAN AMERICAN RESPONDENTS]

Base: xcont16=1,2

[Grid]

¿Cuánta discriminación hay en los E.E.U.U. hoy contra los grupos siguientes? **[Randomize order of groups below; present in grid]**

Statement:

[C244] Negros

[C245] Estadounidenses de origen Asiático / Asiáticos Americanos

[C247] Latinos

Scale:

1. Mucho
2. Algunos
3. Un poco
4. Para nada
5. No sé

VII. STANDARD SCREENED OUT TEXT FOR PANEL SAMPLE:

<See SCREENER section>

END OF QUESTIONNAIRE

Appendix C: Benchmark Distributions

29+ CPS Benchmarks
Source: March 2018 CPS

Col Pct	Table of age3 by ppgender		
age3	ppgender		
	Male	Female	Total
Age 29-44	34.37	32.19	33.24
Age 45-59	31.98	30.87	31.4
Age 60+	33.65	36.94	35.36
Total	9.64E+07	1.05E+08	2.01E+08

Col Pct	Table of ppeth4 by ppgender		
ppeth4	ppgender		
	Male	Female	Total
White, non-hispanic	66.41	65.2	65.78
Black, non-hispanic	10.5	12.04	11.3
Other or two races, non-hispanic	7.78	8.29	8.04
Hispanic	15.31	14.48	14.88
Total	9.64E+07	1.05E+08	2.01E+08

Col Pct	Table of ppreg4 by ppgender		
ppreg4	ppgender		
	Male	Female	Total
Northeast	17.75	17.95	17.86
Midwest	20.92	20.73	20.82
South	37.3	38.02	37.67
West	24.03	23.29	23.64
Total	9.64E+07	1.05E+08	2.01E+08

Col Pct	Table of ppmsacat by ppgender		
ppmsacat	ppgender		
	Male	Female	Total
Non-Metro	13.87	13.78	13.82
Metro	86.13	86.22	86.18
Total	9.64E+07	1.05E+08	2.01E+08

Col Pct	Table of ppeducat3 by ppgender		
ppeducat3	ppgender		
	Male	Female	Total

LHS/HS	40.33	38.08	39.16
Some College	24.79	27	25.94
Bechalor or above	34.88	34.92	34.91
Total	9.64E+07	1.05E+08	2.01E+08

Col Pct	Table of income6 by ppgender		
income6	ppgender		
	Male	Female	Total
Under \$25,000	12.23	17.21	14.82
\$25,000-\$49,999	18.24	19.83	19.07
\$50,000-\$84,999	23.36	21.95	22.63
\$85,000-\$99,999	7.89	7.25	7.56
\$100,000-\$149,999	18.21	16.21	17.17
\$150,000 and over	20.08	17.55	18.76
Total	9.64E+07	1.05E+08	2.01E+08

age2	racetwo	ppeducat3	Frequency	Percent
Age 29-44	White/2+ Races	LHS/HS	10089435	5.02
Age 29-44	White/2+ Races	Some College	10627066	5.28
Age 29-44	White/2+ Races	Bechalor or above	18164685	9.03
Age 29-44	AA/Other/Hispanic	LHS/HS	12247095	6.09
Age 29-44	AA/Other/Hispanic	Some College	6695534	3.33
Age 29-44	AA/Other/Hispanic	Bechalor or above	9009572	4.48
Age 45+	White/2+ Races	LHS/HS	35847199	17.83
Age 45+	White/2+ Races	Some College	26151136	13.01
Age 45+	White/2+ Races	Bechalor or above	33553333	16.69
Age 45+	AA/Other/Hispanic	LHS/HS	20554710	10.22
Age 45+	AA/Other/Hispanic	Some College	8683437	4.32
Age 45+	AA/Other/Hispanic	Bechalor or above	9461171	4.71

20+ Asian US Population Benchmarks
Source: March 2018 CPS Supplement Data

vv1	Frequency	Percent
Age 20-44 Male	3986400	26.05
Age 20-44 Female	4176569	27.29
Age 45-59 Male	1727412	11.29
Age 45-59 Female	1986205	12.98
Age 60+ Male	1506886	9.85
Age 60+ Female	1921770	12.56

age4	Frequency	Percent
Age 20-29	3202591	20.92
Age 30-44	4960378	32.41
Age 45-59	3713617	24.26
Age 60+	3428655	22.4

Asianonly	Frequency	Percent
Yes	14663059	95.8
No	642181.8	4.2

ppreg4	Frequency	Percent
Northeast	3303099	21.58
Midwest	1741335	11.38
South	3361791	21.96
West	6899017	45.08

ppmsacat	Frequency	Percent
Non-Metro	357983.6	2.34
Metro	14947258	97.66

ppeducat2	Frequency	Percent
LHS/HS/Some College	6949581	45.41
Bachelor Above	8355660	54.59

income4	Frequency	Percent
Under \$25,000	1675917	10.95
\$25,000-\$49,999	2051247	13.4
\$50,000-\$74,999	2114813	13.82
\$75,000 and above	9463264	61.83

20+ Hispanics US Population Benchmarks
Source: March 2018 CPS Supplement Data

v1	Frequency	Percent
Age 20-29 Male	4943667	12.81
Age 20-29 Female	4642278	12.03
Age 30-44 Male	6576574	17.04
Age 30-44 Female	6309709	16.35
Age 45-59 Male	4794519	12.43
Age 45-59 Female	4800119	12.44
Age 60+ Male	2915875	7.56
Age 60+ Female	3602359	9.34

ppethm	Frequency	Percent
Hispanic	38585099	100

ppreg4	Frequency	Percent
Northeast	5254767	13.62
Midwest	3411682	8.84
South	14720559	38.15
West	15198090	39.39

ppmsacat	Frequency	Percent
Non-Metro	2040606	5.29
Metro	36544493	94.71

ppeducat	Frequency	Percent
Less than HS	10216546	26.48
HS	12038676	31.2
Some college	9756249	25.29
Bachelor or higher	6573627	17.04

income4	Frequency	Percent
Under \$25,000	6199610	16.07
\$25,000-\$49,999	9111748	23.61
\$50,000-\$74,999	7363826	19.08
\$75,000 and above	15909915	41.23

origin5	Frequency	Percent
Mexican Hispanic	23269639	60.31
Puerto Rican Hispanic	3652141	9.47
Cuban Hispanic	1785059	4.63
other Hispanic	9878259	25.6

20+ Hispanic Lanuage Benchmarks

Source: ACS 2016 Data

acslang	Frequency	Percent
English Dominant	8294013	22.94
Bilingual	19095970	52.81
Spanish Dominant	8766426	24.25

